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	Year group: Nursery – Autumn 2	Area/topic: Colour Mixing		
(objectives from NC/ELG/Development matters)				
	Notice patterns with strong contrasts and be attracted by patterns resembling the human face. (Birth – Three)			
	Start to make marks intentionally (Birth – Three)			
/	Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools (Birth – Three)			
	Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and somet	mes give a meaning to the marks they make. (Birth – Three)		

Prior learning	Future learning
Children have begun to experiment with mark making.	Children will be able to mix mediums and draw something to be cut out.
They are able to on a basic level describe and explain what they have drawn.	Children will be able to mix mediums and draw and then colour what they have drawn.
They are able to on a basic level explain what tool they have used.	Children will be able to notice colours in their indoor and outdoor learning environments.
	Children will be able to name the primary colours and some basic secondary colours.

What pupils need to know or do to be secure				
Key knowledge and skills	Possible evidence			
Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as	Children will be able to			
brushes and other tools.	mix colours in a pot and			
	apply to paper.			
• introduce colour names				
Red, blue, yellow, green on a simple level.	Get Squiggling will be			
Pink, purple, black, white, grey to enhance further.	introduced to follow a			
	guided tutorial – children			
• place hands and feet in paint	might begin to colour what			
Children to have the sensory experience of using their bodies to apply	they have drawn in these			
paint to paper, or cardboard on large and small scales.	sessions and name the			
	colours.			
Explore colour and colour mixing.				
Help them to explore and refine their colour mixing - for example: "How				
does blue become green?"				
Key vocabulary				
Colour				
Red				
Blue				
Yellow				
Green				
Purple				
Orange				
Black				
White				
Mixing				

Common misconceptions	Books linking to this area
Children might not be able to recognise colours.	Colours. Board Book.
Children might not be able to name colours.	
Children might be colour blind.	
Children might not have experience of colours.	
Memorable first hand experiences	Opportunities for communication
Children using their bodies to paint, hands, feet,	Children to point and say the colour of
fingers.	Children to point and say the colour of something.
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fingers. Children to mix colours with their hands in a	something.
fingers. Children to mix colours with their hands in a	something.

## Dereham Church of England Infant and Nursery Academy

Reasonable adjustments for pupils with SEND

Communication and Interaction	Cognition and Learning
Visual aids Modelling – through the use of visualiser or 1:1 Simple instructions Use of WAGOLL Pre-teaching vocabulary Coloured paper	Repetition of skills Photo examples Check understanding regularly Artist work on the table, stuck into their books, stuck onto learning boards Verbal responses being scribed by adults Large scale if fine motor is a barrier
Social, Emotional and Mental health	Sensory and Physical
Allow access to a quiet area Give them a special role to boost their self-esteem Seat pupil with more confident friend – talking partners Now and next board Sand timer Step by step guides with visuals/pictures/photos	Chunky crayons/paintbrushes A range of tools/scissors Gloves for sensory issues Explore new materials Carpet space position Reduce background noise Mixing and painting with body parts